THAT IS NOT THE WAR WILL STORY OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

# PASSED THE SILVER BILL

Free Coinage Advocates Win a Victory in the Senate.

STEWART'S SUBSTITUTE WAS ADOPTED

Provisions of the Bill-The Senators Who Voted for and Against the Measure-Silver Men Jubilant - Iu

the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.-The friends of the free coinage of silver won a great victory in the senate today. When the bill came before that body at 2 o'clock it was weighted down with the refusal, made the day before, by Mr. McPhorson to be bound by the agreement to have a vote taken today, and it looked as if the end was still in the oim distance. But the senator from New Jersey (possibly having slept on the matter) announced that he was prepared to withdraw his objection and that he would interpose no obstacle or delay to the action of the senate. Even after that it looked for an hour or more as if there was to be a postponement of the subject for at least another week, but finally, after a good deal of discussion, all preliminary obstacles were swept away and the vote was taken on Mr. Dolph's motion to recommit the pill to the senate committee on finance.

Friends and enemies of the measure wer willing to make that vote a test of their reis tive strength; and the decision was in favo of the friends of silver. On all the other votes that came after victory was still or the same side, and finally the bill was passed by a majority of four votes.

Defeated the Motion to Recommit.

After the transaction of some unimportant business the presiding officer (at 2 p. m.) lai the silver bill before the senate and, after usiderable discussion, as to the agreemen made for a vote, Mr. Butter called for vote on the motion of Mr. Dolph to recomm bill to the finance committee. motion to recommit was defeated-yeas, 2

The following is the vote in detail: Yeas The following is the vote in detail: Yeas-Messrs, Allison, Brice, Carey, Carlisle, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Dixon, Dolph, Feiton Frye, Gallinger, Gorman, Gray, Haie, Hansbrough, Hawtey, McPherson, Manderson Palmer, Perkins, Platt, Proctor, Sawyer, Stockbridge, Warren, Washburn and White

Nays—Messrs, Ailen, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Butier, Cameron, Cockrell, Coke, Dubois, Faulkner, George, Harris, Hill, Jones, (Nev.), Kennet, Kyle, Mills, Mitchell, Morgan, Paddock, Peffer, Power, Ransom, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, Turple, Vesv, Waithall and Wolcott—31.

Various motions were proposed and defeated. Mr. Stewart then offered as an amendment his substitute, providing for the free coinage of silver outlion under the terms

free coinage of silver pullion under the terof the act of 1878, excepting foreign coin st ver, and repealing the law of 1800.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out the provis as to foreign coins. Mr. Stewart expressed his willingness the the motion should be agreed to, and that par of the proviso was struck out without division. Other motions were defeated an the vote was then taken on Mr. Siewar amendment (as amended on motion of M Vest), and it was agreed to without division. Mr. Morgan offered an amendment directing the comage of all the silver buttlen in the treesury, and it was agreed to without division. The bill was then passed. Year 29; nays, 25.

Provisions of the Bill.

It reads as follows: "That the owner silver builton may deposit the same at an mint of the United States to be coined for his benefit, and it shall be the duty of t proper officers upon the terms and con tions which are provided by law for the d posit and coinage of gold to coin such buttle into the standard dollars authorized by t act of February 28, 1878, entitled: 'An a to authorize the comage of standard silv gollars and to restore its legal tender chi and such coins shall be a lega for all debts and dues, public and privat The act of July 14, 1899, entitled: 'An directing the purchase of silver bullion : the issue of treasury notes thereon, and other purposes,' is hereby renealed. Privided that the secretary of the treasur shall proceed to have coined all the silve bullion in the treasury purchased with silve or coin certificates."

How They Voted,

The following is the vote in detail: Ye — Allen, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodge Butler, Cameron, Cockrell, Dubois, Faut Jer, George, Harris, Hill, Jones (Ney.), Ke ya, Kyle, Mills, Mitchell, Morgan, Peffe Ransom, Sanders, Shoup, Squires, Stewar Feller, Turple, Vest, Wolcott—20, Nays—Allison, Brice, Carey, Carlisle, Co lom, Davis, Dawes, Dixon, Deiph, Felton, Gallinger, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hawley, McPherson, Manderson, Paimer, Perkins, Proctor, West Liberty 1,400 1,500

# CANADIAN CANALS.

dent sent the following message to the senat-"For the information of the senate and further response to the senate resolution of February 14 last, I transmit herewith a communication of the 24th inst. from Mr. Horbert, the acting representative of the British government at this capital, addressed to Mr. Wnarton, secretary of state, upon the subject of the Canadian canal tolls, also a memorandum prepared and submitted to me by Mr. Adee, second assistant secretary of state. reviewing the communication of Mr. Herbert, and a letter of the 28th inst. from Mr. In W. Foster, who, as I previously stated, with Mr. Biaine, represented this government in the conference with the Canadian commissioners. The position taken by this government, as expressed in my previous communication to the senate, that the canai tells and regulations of which complaint has peen made are in violation of our treaty with Great Britain, is not shaken, but rather con-ligned. There can be no doubt that a serious discrimination against our citizens and our commerce exists and quite as little doubt that this discrimination is not the incident, but the purposes of the Canadian regula-tions. It has not seemed to me that this was a case in which we could yield to the sug gestion for further concessions on the part of the United States with a view to securing treaty rights in aircady been given.

"Benjamin Harrison, July 1, 189. treaty rights for which a consideration has

"Executive Mansion, July 1, 1892." Want to Maintain Friendly Relations.

Mr. Herbert, in his letter, expresses the of the Dominion to maintain friendly relations with this government, and tays that the government is willing to meet pur views as far as is consistent with the Dominion's position and with the interests of its people; and with a view to the furinerance of a good understanding between the two countries, the following arrangement is submitted:

"That, as regards the navigation of the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, the im-position of tells and the granting of rebates thereon, the same treatment will be accorded to citizens of the United States as is given to the subjects of her majesty without regard to ports of transshipment or export, and that the United States will continue to deal in like manner with the subjects of her Britannic majesty in the use of the existing Sault Ste. Marie

treaty of Washington, granting trading ves-sels belonging to her Britannic majesty privilesces, as described in that article, be re-"That the provisions of article 30; of the

Mr. Adee, the second assistant secretary of state, reviews in detail the statements and

opinions of the Canadian government. The rebate of canal toils, Mr. Adoc says, are merely an instrument to favor the export trade from Canadian ports.

An Unsatisfactory Reply. Concluding Mr. Adec says: 'Regarded as a whose, the Canadian reply fails to meet the just complaints of the United States. It the just complaints of the United States. It narrows the issue to the treatment of American and Canadian vessels in respect to tolis in the Welland and St. Lawrence canals and to the denial of revate to carroes of grain stuffs actually transhipped in an American port for export from Montreal or a port east of that city. It ignores the adroitly devised statement by which the traffic of citizens of the United States is made to contribute a much larger percentage of tolls in the Welland canal than traffic of of tolls in the Welland canal than traffic of canadians. And it is altogether silent touch-ing the discrimination introduced into this season's order in council, withholding the export robate from cargoes coming from any part of the United Strtes shore of Lake

Secretary Foster's letter relates to the conference held in Washington and its unsatisfactory termination.

### POSTMASTERS' PAY.

Growth of the West as shown by the Salaries of the Nasbys.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1 .- Special Telegram to Tue Bee. ]-Officials at the Postoffice department have just completed the annual work of regrading the presidential postoffices of the country and fixing salaries of the postmasters for the fiscal year beginning today. Following are the changes in salaries which have taken place in Nebraska:

NAME OF POSTOFFICE.	VEAR'S SALTRY	NEW
Albion	\$ 1,300	
Ashiand	1,400	1.50
Auburn	1.200	1,30
Elue Springs	*1,000	
Cambridge	1,000	1,10
Columbus	1.700	1.80
Crawford	*1.200	1,10
Creighton	1,100	1.20
DeWitt	1,000	1,10
Edgar	*1.200	1.10
Fairbury	1,800	2.00
Friend	1.200	1.30
Gothenburg	1.100	1.40
Hebron	1.400	1.50
Humboldt	1.300	1.40
Lincoln	3,230	3.80
Neligh	1,300	1.40
Norfolk	3 300 36 10	9.15
Ompha	35000	3.70
Ord	1.000	1.40
Orleans	+1.100	1.00
Ponea.	1.000	1.10
St. Paul.	1,400	1.50
	2,700	9.50
South Omnha	1,100	1.00
Stromsburg	*1.600	1.50
Superior	1.100	1.20
Syracuse		1.7
Tekamah	1,430	1.50
Wymore		2.0
York		2,9
Iowa Changes.		
Ackley	1,000	1,40

Telegrania	1,500
Trekansab. Wymore York.	1.4301
York	1,900
Iowa Changes.	
	1,000
Ackley Alta Alta Anamosa Belle Plaine Bellevite Booge	1,000
Anamosa	11/500
Belle Plaine	*1,500
Baona	1,000
Briti Briti Burlington. Cednt rails. Centreville. Chariton Charles City. Clarlada.	1,000
Burlington	3,000
Cedar ralls	9,100 1,700
Centreville	1,700
Charles City	1.730
Clarinda.	1,700
Clarksville	1,000
Clear Lake	1,200
Corning	1,000
Correctionville	1,100
Corydon	1.000
therefore	2.500 1.600
Des Moines	31,400
Dunlap	\$1200
Eagle Grove	1,4(8)
Edder	1,500 1,950
Charles City Clarinda Clarks ville Clarks ville Clear Lake Coon Rapids Corning Correction ville Correction v	1.390
Estnerville	1,100
Fairfield	*1,100
Farmington	1,100
Purplet City	1.200
Fort Fodge	2.200
Fort Madison	2,100
Greene	1,000
Griswold	1,003
Guthrie Center	1,200 1,500
Hampton	1,500
Hawarden	1,100
Independence	1.000
Iowa City	2,500 1,500
Iowa Falls	1,500
Kingsley	1,000
Knoxville	1,100
La Ruoni	1,100
La Porte City	1,100 1,000
Malvern	1,209 1,100
Manning	1,100
Harian Hawarian Independence Lowa City Lowa Falls Loffcason Kingsley Rnoxville La Root La Porte City Lenox Mailvern Manning Marshalltown Mason City Misseari Valley Monteello Mont Pleasant Mount Pleasant Mount Pressant Mount Vernon Nasilian Newton Northwood Cidebait	2,600
Missonri Valler	1,600
Montleello	1,400
Moniton	1,100
Mount Pleasant	*2,200 1,500
Nount Vernon	1,300
Newton	1,700
Northwood	1,000
Cdebalt	1,400
Colwellances	1,100 1,100
Newton Northwood Glebalt Celwith Ogden Orange City	1.200
Perry	1,500
Perry	1.45/9/1
Portyllie	1,400
Rock tapids.  Rockwell City  Sac City Sidney Sigourney Spirit Lake. Tama. Vinton Washington Waterloo	1,000
Sac City	1,400
Sidney	1.000
Significant Comments	1,400
Tama	1,400
Vinton	1.800
Washington	1,900
Water100	2,400

West laberty	1,000	1.100
South Dakota Changes.		
Aberdeen Critton Brookings Canton Conterville Chamberlain Custer Dell Rapids Desmot Flandrean Hill (ity Hot Springs Haron	*2,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,000 *1,000 *1,100 1,100 1,000 1,000 1,400 *1,400 *1,400 1	2,400 1,100 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,200 1,200 1,100 1,200 1,200 1,500 1,500
Lead	1.7400	1,430
Madison		1.700
		2,200
		1,100
	12,200	2,000
Plankington	11,100	1,200
		2,000
		1.230
Vermillion	*1.500	1.400
Woodsocket.	1.100	1,200
	South Dakota Change Aberdeen Critton Brookings Canton Centerville Chamberlain Custor Dell Rapids Desmot Flandrean Hill (By Hot Springs Hill (By Howhich Lead Madison Milbank Mitchell Parker Plankington See tland Sioux Falls Sturgis Vermillion.	Noodblue

# MONETARY CONFERENCE.

\* reduction. + fourth class.

Probable United States Representatives-

Washington Notes. Washington, D. C., July 1 .- It is understood that the proposed international monetary conference was one of the subjects considered at today's cabinet meeting, and that the president has practically decided to accept three republicans and two democrats as the conferees on the part of the United States. Senators Allison and Jones of Nevada and Mr. H. W. Cannon will be selected to represent the republican party and Secators Carlisle and Faulkner of West Virginia the democratic party, with the possibility that Senator Daniel or Judge Lambert Tree may be chosen in place of Mr. Carinsle. Senators Jones and Daniei are recognized champions of the free coinage of

The conferces on the river and harbor bill have finally reached an agreement on their

Mr. Perkins, by request, today introduced a bill directing the secretary of the interior to place on the pension rolls the names of all union soluters who served not less than namety days in the war of the rebellion and to grant them possions at the rate of I cent per day for each day of service. To pay these pensions the secretary of the treasury is authorized to issue not exceeding \$150,000,000 of full legal tender greenbacks annually.

Sugar Bounties.

The total sugar bounty paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1892, was \$7,330,-046, of which \$7,065,285 was paid on cane sugar. Of the total bounty on cane sugar \$0.870,506 was paid to blanters in Louislana. George D. Johnstone, who was today nominated to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Civil Service Commissioner Hugh S. Thompson, has for the past twentyfive years been engaged in educational work and for some time was professor in an insti-tute of learning at Tuscaloosa, Ala. Confirmation-Richard Hudson, agent for the Indians of the Mescalero agency, New Mexico.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—The house took its first step toward final adjournment teday in adopting the report of the conference committee on the agricultural appropriation bill. Then the day was devoted to lator propositions. A bill granting annual

cave of absence to the employes of the

The till to enforce the previsions of the cight bour law gave rise to considerable decate. It was finally passed.

The announcement that the senate had passed the free silver bill was received with applause. The house then took a recess, the evening session to be for the consideration of private popular bills. private pension bilis.

Public Bebt Statement.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.-Debt statement: Interest pearing dept, \$585,029,530; increase for the mouth, \$50. Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,785,-875; decrease, \$381,470. Dept bearing no interest, \$380,403,635; decrease, \$758,002. Aggregate interest and non-interest bearing dent, \$908,218,840; decrease, \$1,140,412; ag-gregate debt, including certificates and treas-ury notes, \$1,588,404,144.

Cash in treasury: Gold coin and bars, \$1,557,705; sliver dollars, subsidiary combars, \$445,083,116; paper, legal tender notes (old issue), treasury notes, cold, sliver and currency certificates and national bank notes, \$61,490.574; other bonds, interest and cou-bons paid awaiting reimbursement, minor

bons paid awaiting remoursement, materials, coin, fractional currency, deposits national banks, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$17,326,550; aggregate, \$785,487,985.

Demand liabilities: Gold, sliver and currency certificates, treasury notes, \$120,245,-304; disbursing officers' balances, fund for the contraction of the contractio old; dispursing officers' balances, 100d for redemption, uncurrent bank notes, etc., \$08.-550,304; gold reserve, \$100,000,000; net cash balances, \$26,692,377; aggregate, \$785,487,985. Cash balance in treasury May 31, \$92,126,-005,887; same June 30, \$02,126,692,377; increase, \$686,490.

Conferces Out of a Hole. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1,-More than two months ago the silver question was sprung upon an unsuspecting senate through the presentation of a house bill amending the Arizona funding act. There was a lively debate, the clause requiring the interest on the bonds to be paid in gold was stricken out by a majority vote and the bill was sent to conference. The conferees have just arrived at an agreement and are felicitating themselves at the fact that they have cleverly rid them-

Embezzler Ryan Indicted. Washington, D. C., July 1.-The grand jury has returned into the criminal court an indictment against Edwin J. Ryan, who recently decamped from this city and was arrested in Denver for embezzlement. The indictment charges that on June 21, while an employe of the United States Express company, he took and converted to his own use \$46,000 in notes and railway certificates.

First Appropriation Bill Passed. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.-The nouse has agreed to the conference report on the agricultural bill. This is the first general appropriation bill passed at this session. The president has approved of the sentence of suspension in the case of Commander Graham recently court-martialed, and he is no longer any block to promotions in the

## BLUE ABOVE THE CRIMSON.

Yale's 'Varsity and Freshmen Eights Easily Defeat the Harvards. New London, Conn., July 1.-This has

been a Yale week, with a Yale finish. Tuesday came the base ball victory over Harvard; this morning the Yalo freshmen's conquest of Harvard '95 in the annual two-mile row on the Thames put a glossy finish on the whole season's aggregation of Yale's achievements, the record of the Yale 'varsity eight in turning the tables on the Harvard crew this afternoon leaving them even farther behind than Yale was left last year, and that is saying a great

The Harvard men have fallen away from their interpretation of the Cook stroke which won for them last year, and have substituted a faster, but much less effective method. Yale was again the worthy expo-nent of the dorged, rugged, deliberate stroke which has pulled its representatives' shell across the line ahead so many times in so many years.

The water was perfectly smooth, the air clear and the tide was at full ebb. A strong breeze was blowing from the north at the backs of the crows as they rowed down stream with the tide. All the circumstances were highly favorable to the lighter and liviter crew of Yale and adverse to Harvard's

beeffer and stronger oarsmen. The start was made at 5:17. Harvard took the lead. For the first 100 yards they kept it, pulling a thirty-nine-stroke, while Yale's was about thirty-eight. Yale splashed badly and the boat rolled a little, while Harvard got off comparatively smoothly. At 150 yards from the start, the Yale prow had shot past the Harvards. Vale had found its form and from that time on was never headed. Harvard made a desperate fight before relinquishing the lead. In so doing she dropped into bad form, causing the boat to

roll and progress by perceptible jerks.

At the first half mile Yale was rowing half a length in the lead, with both crews exhibiting the first burst of speed witnessed during Yale continued its effective the entire race. sport during the second half mile, while Harvard fell back little by little. When the Yale shell passed the first mile post it was three lengths ahead and four lengths ahead at the two mile post, which marked the con-clusion of half the race. At the two mile and a haif mile post Yaie was eight lengths ahead. The affliction which overtook Harvard paramen at this particular point of the race

was splashing. For 100 yards they pulled like freshmen in this respect. Yale crept steadily and smoothly ahead. After the third mile post it was a procession, Yale working with methodical procision while Harvard was rarged. As the boats passed between the long lines of yachts which enclosed the finish, a rousing salute was given both crews, and the effect was magical. The stroke was quickened and the earsmanship of both crews decidedly more trim. At 5:37.48 the Yale boat shot by the finish with Harvard fifteen or sixteen lengths in the rear. Harvard's shell crossed the line 55% seconds later. Every whistle in New London let loose and the din

was distracting. Thousands of blue flags floated aloft, while the crimson dropped or kept modestly out of sight. Official time forfour miles: Yale, 20:48; Harvard. Early in the day Harvard men wanted odds of \$100 to \$70, but the last bets were made at

New London, Conn., July 1 .- A "cocked hat" boat race, two miles straight away, between the freshmen eights of Yale, Harvard and Columbia was rowed here today at flood tide and with the current, starting at 11:15. The conditions of wind and tide were almost perfect, though the rain came down quite heavily while the crew were on the way to the starting point, and the breeze started up, making the way to the starting point, and the breeze started up, making the way to the starting point, and the breeze started up, making the way to the starting point, and the breeze started up, making the way to the starting point the way to the starting point the way to the starting the way to the starting the way to the starting point the way to the starting the way to the starting the way to the starting the way to the the water somewhat rough before the start Harvard won the toss and chose the middle course. Yale selected the west, and Columbia was given the east. Before the word was given for the start the rain began to pour down and a strong northwest headwind

began to blow.

At the pistol shot Columbia caught the water first, though Yale's powerful stroke gave that crow the lead at once. All rowed a fast stroke, thirty-nine to forty-one to the minute for the first quarter of a mile. that distance they were well bunched, with Yale leading by a few yards, Columbia and Harvard very close together. Yale dropped her stroke to thirty-sight, with Harvard and Columbia rowing forty. Nevertheless, Yale gained at every stroke, and was two lengths ahead at the end of the three-quarters of a

At the end of the mile, Yale quiexened her stroke to forty and Columbia began to snow jerky work. At the beginning of the last half the fast work began to tell on all the oarsmen. Columbia steered wildly, but in spite of that maintained the lead of Harvard. Yaje held the lead to the finish rowing steady thirty-six to thirty-eight, and finished eight lengths shead of Columbia, which was two and a half lengths before Harvard. Time: Yale, 12:03%; Columbia, 13:20; Harvard, 12:28.

Killed by Falling Walls. WOODLAND, Cal., July 1 .- Jackson block and the Exchange block, containing the opera house, Exchange notel and a number of stores and offices were destroyed by fire to-day. The losses will reach \$200,000. W. W. Porter and an unknown man lost their lives by falling walls.

Earthquake in Italy. Rome, July 1 .- A severe shock of earthquake was feit in Verona yesterday.

[CONTINUED FROM PERST PAGE |

cises as prominent a place in this convention as it is possible to go.?;, General Weaver and others persisted that the Sabbath day was, post appropriate for these memorial exercises, and Mr. Terrell finally according, 30 clock Sunday was set as the hour for the memorial addresses in re-spect to the deceased president.

Some one suggested that other prominent deceased references should be included in these memorial exercises, and it was particularly suggested that Mr. Stackhouse was one whose memory should be appropriately revered. "I am not in favor of that," said Mr. Rob-ert Schilling of Wisconsin. "I do not like to rise to a question of order against a member, but I desire to say that I do not believe we

should devote those exercises to any one not a meruber of our party. Mr. Stackhouse was a good alliance map, but he invariably voted with the democrats." [Laughter and applause.] This objection was accepted as sufficient, and the character of Mr. Stackhouse will not come in for eulogy in Sun-day's proceedings.

The question of the distribution of the tickets was taken up and settled by its reference to a special committee. The only dispute arose over the proposition of a mem-

ber to admit indiscriminately all the ex-veteruns of the union and confederate armies. This suggestion was met with trompt opposition from an ex-soldier, who declared that the veterans were willing to take their chances with all others, and that if the doors were thrown open as proposed, the ex-soldiers of the state of Nebraska would hil the convention hall and leave no place for the delegates. This sentiment from an ex-soldier was loudly applauded, and it was decided that no attempt should be made to make political capital out of the ex-

#### DELEGATES ARRIVING.

Leaders and Laymen of the Third Party at Present in Omaha, Robert Schilling of Wisconsin, one of the nembers of the executive committee, arrived yesterday morning. He declared in favor of the St. Louis platform, with possibly a few resolutions in addition.

The major portion of the Missouri delega-

ion are on hand and have taken quarters at the Union hotel Sixteenth street. The delegation consists of sixty-eight members, four from each of the fifteen congressional districts and eight at large. At least 100 people are expected from Missouri. The eight delegates-at-large are John M. London, Macon; G. T. Demarce, editor of the Lamar Union; Leverett Leonard, people's candidate for governor of Missouri; George C. Ward, alliance editor for the A. N. Kellogg Newspaper company; J. H. Hills, M. C. Fall, Larkin Wise, state lecturer, F. & L. U.; A. Roselle, editor of the Tarkio Independent, and J. B. Mears, editor of the L. U.; A. Roselle, editor of the Tarkio Independent, and J. B. Mears, editor of the St. Louis Monitor. First district—O. D. Jones, people's candidate for supreme judge, C. M. Gooche, Joseph Boyd, J. G. Edwards. Second district—P. J. Dixon, editor of the Missouri World, Chilicothe; O. H. Snell, A. C. Yocum, D. S. Foraey, Third district—B. F. Evans, J. C. McWhinans, J. C. Penny, C. W. Jones. Fourth district—W. F. Cannon, D. B. Higgins, J. Epler, W. T. Foster, Fifth district—Grant Twist, Mrs. M. H. Ford, assistant editor of the Kansas City Daily Mani; H. W. Pullman, L. J. Siusher, Sixth district—Pierce Hackett, vice president F. & L. U., Virginja, Mo., James Smith, J. F. Bryant, T. W. Dowing. Seventh district—A. Leonard, Ben Scott, E. T. Behrens, editor Sedaha Truth; L. D. Thiwell, Eighth district—L. A. Fowier, Lovi Engles, J. T. Williams, Captain W. C. Aldridge, Ninth district—J. P. Wilson, D. J. Pickett, W. A. Dillon, T. P. Williams, Tenth district—J. M. Brown, J. B. Dlnes, candidate for state auditor, St. Louis; Charles Deeke, J. Fitzgerald. Eleventh district—J. H. White, William Anderson, secretary St. Louis Trades assembly; F. J. Hückls, J. B. Follet. Twelfth district—W. S. Morgan, editor New Forum, St. Louis; Porcy Popoon, George L. Baner, Frank G. Witt. Thirteenth dis-Forum, St. Louis; Percy Popoon, George L. Bauer, Frank G. Witt. Thirteenth district—E. H. Wheeler, John O'Hearn, people's candidate for railroad commissioner; A. L. Scott, L. A. Stoots. Fourteanth district—W. A. Grosclose, George Vokes, I. P. Langley, Alfred Harris, candi-date for state's attorney. Fifteenth district ames Reinmiller, Bennett Hall, D. J. Bigby,

John J. McRabb. Missouri's Choice. M. V. Carroll, editor of the Weekly Union of Butler, Mo., chairman of the state central committee, says: "We are very friendly to Weaver, though some of the delegation favor Gresham. We have some hopes of carrying the state for the state ticket and will hustle for the electoral ticket. The party is well organized in our state and we have fifty reform papers with us. We favor a Georgia man for second place on the national ticket, Tom Winn or Ellington. In the congressional fight we are bound to kock out W. S. Hall, who, as president of the Missouri Farmers and Laborers union, pretended to fight office-seekers, but who in reality used his position as a tail to his political kite."

Idaho and Texas. Idaho has eight delegates, Those present are Rev. J. S. McCain, Caldwell; P. J. Peffy, Boise City, a Knight-of Labor; W. H. Taylor, Fayette, chairman state executive committee of the farmers alliance; D. R. Monroe, Pocatello, a machinist and Knight of Labor. Rev. McCain says "Our delegation will probably be for Gresham, though we are not sticklers. We might favor Stewart or any good man on whom we could depend. We come unin-structed, and we are for the good of the

party. We are not opposed to Weaver.'
Texas shows up with a large body.
There are sixty delegates from the Lone
Star state. E. S. Peters, delegate-at-large,
is enthusistic. "We will elect our governor," said Mr. Peters, "aithough to accomplish at we must overturn the former democratic majority of 189,000 votes."

"Trat looks like a long string of figures,
Mr. Peters," suggested the reporter,
"Yes, but you must recoilect that Texas has turned loose. We are sure of defeating

Kansas People

The Kansas folks are at the Barker, where arrangements have been made for sixty.

Among the Kansas delegates on the ground are: S. McLallin, editor of The Advocate, delegate-at-large, Noah Allen, president of the national citizen's alliance of Wichita,

also delegate-at-large. Among the newspaper men from Kansas not delegates, are: J. P. Limeburner, manager of the Topeka Advocate, official organ of the Kansas alliance, and H. A. Heath, manager of the Kansas Farmer. Mr. Heath

is stopping at the Paxton...
"We will carry Kapans by a plurality of 20,000 to 40,000," said Mr. Limeburner. "Our 20,000 to 40,000," said Mr. Limeburner. "Our state ticket is generally acceptable to the business man laborer and farmer. We have a business man for governor and the farmers are satisfied. I think Gresham will be the nominee of the convention and if not, it will be Weaver. You can say that Jerry Simpson will be returned to congress." Mrs. Marian Told.

Mrs. Marian Toud, delegate at large, is at the Miliard. She has been speaking for the people's party in Minnesota for the past

"We are all prohibitionists," said Mrs. Todd, speaking for the ladies of course, "but do not think it will be recognized in "but do not think it will be recognized in this convention, but we expect woman suffrage will, though We lare prepared to see it left out. Did you exer see my book, "Pizarro and John Shirinan". Let me see, you are on The Bee. Oh yes, I am talking to a republican now. Well, excuse me for mentioning Sherman in that connection. A republican told me only a few days ago that I ought to be in the penitentiary for writing ought to be in the penitentiary for writing think Sherman ought to be there instead."

Husband and Wife.

Waiter Muir is a district delegate from North Dakota and Mrs. Muir is a delegate-at-large. "Two delegates from the same family is pretty thick," said Mrs. Muir, "but i suppose they wanted both sexes repre-sented. North Dakota has tweive delegates and they are all here. We expect woman suffrage will be recognized, but will not press prohibition, although I think a majority of the people's party voters are in favor of pronibition. Indeed it was clearly proven at St. Louis, but as a matter of expediency it was left out.

Mr. and Mrs. Muir are at the Miliard. P. M. Gilber 'mas the advance guar ns the advance guard of

eleven members. They will select head-

Where the Delegates Are Located. A special train came in last evening over the Burlington from Chicago, with the Massachusetts delegation, the remainder of the Indiana and Michigan and a few of the Ohio delegates. With the Indiana delegation were Prof. C. Vincent and Lie Vincent of the Indianapolis Nonconformist. The train was in charge of R. McC. Scrith of the Burlington. Barring unexpected delays the last of the delegates will arrive this morning. The delegations already here are located as fol-

Arkansas - Dellone. Alabama - Millard.

Connecticut—Mercer notel. California—Globe hotel.

Colorado - Windsor, North Carolina - 1823 Farnam, North Dakota - Millard. South Dakota-115 North Fifteenth street. Georgia-Arcade. Iowa-Esmond. Indiana-Arcado Idaho-Arcade. Illinois-Grand Central. Kentucky-Marray, Kansas-1821 Binney, Louisiana—Exposition building. Massachusetts—Windsor, Maine—Windsor, Michigan—Grand Central.
Missouri—Union hotel.
New York—314 South Twenty-sixth.
New Jersey—1722 Capitol avenue.
Nebraska—Dellone. Oregon—2024 Caldwell. Oklahoma-European. bio Jonnings. Pennsylvania-Grand hotel. Texas - Knox hotel. West Virginia-Exposition building. Washington-Pullman hotel. Wisconsin-Esmond. Wyoming-Brooklyn hotel. District of Columbia-Dellone.

WHAT THE SILVER MEN WILL DO. They Propose to Force a Vote in the House

Before Adjournment.
Washington, D. C., July 1.—Tonight Morgan, Alabama's sepator, spent an hour among his friends. Months ago Morgan undertook the task of "smoking out" senators who hung doubtfully aloof from any vote that would commit them on the silver question. He succeeded and overthrow more than his enemies, for he obliged a reluctant senate to pass a bill as radical in its absolute free silver comage requirements as the most devoted friends of the metal could desire. The bill now goes to the house and

that body which buried the question, as was supposed, for the present session at least, will again be obliged to face the issue.

When It Reaches the House. The bill will turn up in the house tomorrow and if the usual course of legislation is followed it will be referred to the coinage ommittee. A prompt report is expected on the bill from the committee, and it will take its place on the calendar, following hundreds of other bills, and with about as much chance of being reached in the ordinary course of business as a bill to bridge the Atlantic, but friends of the bill, stimulated by the action of the senate, will demand early action. They hold that it would be bad politics to allow a silver bill passed by a republican senate to fail in a democratic house. Besides they are sore from their last failure, when they attempted to get the cloture rule to force a vote on the house silver bill. So they are going to insist on a special order from the rules committee that will give the house a chance to vote squarely on the free silver coinage propos-tion, and some southern members tonight assort that not a wheel shall turn, not an appropriation bill pass, and not even the further extension of appropriations shall be made until they get that special order.

Will Meet Opposition. On the other hand the little phalanx of democrats under the lead of Tracey and Williams, who so successfully resisted the sliver men before now, are full of confidence. They feel they can now have the active sup-port of the republican members who do not wish to force the president to pass upon the bill before election day, and they are already preparing for a test of endurance. That is what it will amount to from the present indications, and the question narrows down to one point, and that is the ability of the silver men to secure a quorum in the house. An united democracy has not been able to main. ain a quorum for an hour during the last six veeks and it is not easy to see how a portion of the democracy can do more. They think they can and the other side is sure they cannot, and this is the situation tonight,

It is early yet to talk about the prospects of a veto, but the one argument the silver men are making to meet that point is that set out by Mr. Morgan yesterday, when he said the president was too high-minded to resist the will of the people in so important a

## KANSAS REPUBLICANS. They Nominate Farmer Smith for Governor

-The Rest of the Ticket. TOPERA, Kan., July 1 .- A. F. Smith, or 'Farmer' Smith as he is familiarily known, was nominated this morning on the fifth ballot by the republican state convention for governor. During the night the Murdock. Smith and Morrill leaders took little sleep, spending the time in electioneering. Determined efforts were made by the Morrill men to concentrate the opposition to Smith, but there were too many Murdock men for Smith for second choice. On the first ballot this morning

Smith showed a gain of forty two over the third and last ballot last night. This settled it, and on the fifth ballot the break came, smith being nominated.
B. F. Moore of Butler county, a farmer, was nominated on the second ballot for lieutenant governor. A motion was made to make the ticket practically one of agricul

It took five ballots to chose a nominee for secretary of state, William Edwards of Pawnce receiving the nomination. The conven-tion then, at 5 o'clock, adjourned until 8 clock this evening.

Immediately upon assembling for the even ing session balloting began for auditor. B. K. Bruce was nominated. He is a nephew of ex-Register of the Treasury B. K. Bruce. For treasurer, J. Bruce Lynch, a locemotive engineer, was nominated.

#### LOUCKS IS SANGUINE. States Which the Alliance Vice President

Claims the People Will Carry. H. S. Loucks of Huron, S. D., vice president of the national alliance organization, has arrived and is laying wires for General Weaver's nomination. From Omana Mr. Loucks will go to Washington to take the place of the late L. L. Polk, president of the alliance. When asked as to the preferences of South Dakota Mr. Loucks said:

"Our delegation is not instructed, but its members are personally in favor of the nomination of General Weaver. Our choice for vice president is J. H. McDowell, president of the Tennessee alliance. I think the convention will adopt the platform of the St. Louis conference without any additions. For my own part I would like to see it cut down to the one plank of finance, not that I object to the other planks, but I would like to make the fight on the one issue. We are sure to carry both Dakotas and their seven electoral votes. I have been campaigning two weeks in North Dakota and know the sentiment up there.

"What other states do you expect to carry!" was asked. "In the northwest we will capture Nobraska, Kansas and Minnesota, in addition to the two Dakotas: I count on the four silver states and eight in the south. We ought to get California, too, which will make eight to in all. I predict that the people's party will carry more states than either of the old

The Nebraska Delegation. The Nebraska delegation came in on the morning train from Lincoln, with a goodly following direct from the state convention Among them were J. V. Wolfe, C. H. Pirtle. Hon. W. H. Deck, Hon. J. B. Stebbins of Buffalo county; Hon. Frederick New-berry of Hamilton county; Hon. J. M. Gunnett of York county; Hon. G. A. Filton of Nuckells county, and L. A. Belcher, who was sorgeant at arms of the last bouse. The state convention at Lincoin se-

lected as delegates to the national conven-tion General C. H. Van Wyck, John H. Powers, J. V. Wolfe, J. Kelly McCombs, W. A. Poynter, I. D. Chambertain, W. A. Mc-Keighan and William Neville.

## THERE WAS A BITCH

Members of the Southern Club Object to Assuring Cleveland of Support.

New York, July 1.—The Southern society, more commonly known as the Southern club, has been considerably agitated for three days over the question of sending congratulations to Grover Cleveland. In fact, the club has become split on the subject, and, as a result, what was originally designed to be a letter bearing the names of almost the entire membership had dwindled to a note bearing

only about a dozen names. The Southern club has a membership of about 1,600. It numbers among its members every so otherner of prominence now a restdent in this city, and all conspicuous public southern nonresidents who come to New

York.
A few of the most enthusiastic Cleveland mon last Monday conceived the idea of con-gratulating the democratic nominroe. Accod-ingly, the following letter was drawn up for

signatures:
"The undersigned members of the Southern club congratulate you most heartily upon your selection at Chicago as the proper expo-nent of the principles of national democracy. They piedge you their earnest, unfaltering support in the coming contest for democratic supremacy and good government, for your election only will save the country from sectionalism and the result of the infamous farea bill!" Colonel J. Monroe Haskill of Baitimore, who ran for mayor of that city as an inde-

pendent democrat in 1883, an ardent Cleve-land man, took the letter around among the members and had no difficulty in getting many signatures. But soon objection was raised, and it did not come from one of the republican members either. The objectors said they opposed the letter because it would give the erroneous impression that the South-ern society was a political organization. pendent democrat in 1883, an ardent Cleve-Mr. Cleveland's friends contended that it was merely an expression of sentiments of individual members. Many of the members had been friends of Senator Hill, and so vig-orous did they make their protest that those who wanted to congratulate the ex-president agreed to draw up a new letter, in which the words "the undersigned members of the Southern society" should be omitted. This was done and the letter read thus:

"We are pleased to congratulate you most heartily upon your selection at Chicago as the proper exponent of the principles of the national democracy. We piedge you our earnest and unfaltering support in the con-test for democratic supremacy. Your election only will save the country from sectionalism and force bills."

## THE RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Efforts to Care for the Delegates and Convention Visitors.

The reception committee of 100 assembled at 1214 Douglas street yesterday morning, Chairman F. W. Hibbard directing the business of the committee. Details were made of members to the various depots in the city while G. W. Biake was commissioned to distribute the badges which distinguish the committeemen from the rest of the farmers who are in attendance on the first national convention of the people's party.

In the same room with the committee R.
F. Hodgin, upon whose shoulders falls the burden of assigning quarters to the delegates and providing for the entertainment of the crowd, was as busy as a nailer, the only diffi-culty with him being that he was not been provided with more than two ears and two eyes. In fact he could not have successfully answered the questions of incoming delegates if he had been a dezen Hodgins, so clamorous were the gentlemen from the "rural districts."

"I may be a crank," said Hodgin on this question, "but more people must come forward with rooms and entertainment for the visitors, else some of them will have to sleep on the soft side of dry goods boxes and be content with a ham sandwich. We must take care of the crowds or else Omaha will get a black eye from which it will take years to recover. Persons therefore having rooms to rent will confer a favor on the public comfort committee if they will report the same to 1214 Douglas street."

# SEATS AND FINANCES.

Two Problems of Moment Considered by the

Executive Committee. The executive committee mat in room 128 at the Millard yesterday morning and was presided over by Chairman H. E. Taubeneck, the following other committeemen being present: Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota, J. H. Davis of Texas, George Gotther of Alabama, M. R. Rankin of Indiana, Robert Schilling

of Wisconsin, secretary.

The committee heard the report of the local representatives in charge of the arrange-ments as to hall, made by V. O. Strickler. The seating capacity was discussed and the question of tickets to the sessions of the convention was suggested, but final action was deferred until the meeting

of the national central committee. Mr. R. Rankin also made a report regarding the state of the finances, and a committee was appointed to audit the accounts. At the was appointed to audit the accounts. At the meeting of the committee it was generally decided that the chairman of the various state delegations should dispense the tickets to the hall and that the press tickets should be placed in the hands of W. gan of St. Louis, secretary of the National Reform Press association and editor of the New Forum and National Reformer, who will

e assisted by H. A. Heath of the Kausas Farmer. Delegates Will See the Parade. Messrs. T. S. Clarkson, Max Meyer, C. F. Weller and Thomas Lowry waited on the executive committee at noon and urged that some arrangements be made by which the onvention would not be in sassion during Monday's parade. Major Ciarkson stated that the demonstration had been gotten up in honor of the visitors and that it would be the only opportunity the citizens would have to extend public greetings to those present from all arts of the country and should not be denied

that privilege.
On motion of the member from Alabama the convention will be called together at Sociock Monday, and will take a recess at 10:30 for the purpose of witnessing the par-ade. Some of the members apposed it at first, but in the end yielded gracefully.

John Devlin of Detroit, a prominent Knight of Labor, and a delegate to the convention said yasterday: "The convention will be for the most part harmonious. Of course, there will be some dissensions and some pretty hot fights, but the party is a unit on its three great principles: No inchopolies in land, government ownership of railroads, and that

he government shall alone have the right to "The platform adopted at the St. Louis con vention will be adopted as the platform of the party with very few minor changes. The rank and file of the party are for Gresham.

Permanent Chairman. Already there is considerable speculation as to who will be permanent chairman of the convention, and by general consent that honor seems likely to be accorded to Hon, T. V. Powderly, grand master of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderly will not arrive in this city until this morning, and the selection of permanent chairman will not be made until the afternoon or evening by the committee on permanent organization, but he leaders are nearly unanimous in expressing preference for Mr. Powderly.

Speculation About Gresham. VALPARAISO, Ind., July 1.-N. J. Bozarth, the people's party candidate for supremo judge, says Judge Walter Q. Gresham will not decline the nomination of the people's party. The judge's son Otto said: "I know nothing about father's intention. He believes in most of the doctrines of the new party. Still, I cannot say authoritatively whether if the nomination were offered it

HELENA, Mont., July 1 .- The executive committee of the national mining congress. which meets in Helena, July 12, announces that the convention will be strictly nonpar tissu and devoted entirely to mining busi-ness, and the free coinage question will be

freely discussed. This announcement is made to correct a dispatch recently sent out through a misunderstanding to the effect that the congress would; be a raily of third party men

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Badges for Delegates, C. A. Power of the Indiana delegation requests THE BEE to announce that he has 7,000 metal badges for distribution. Parties wishing them can procure them from mempers of the committee, or at the convention hall. Delogates are reminded that the profit on the badges goes to the national committee to make up shortage. By the way, Mr. Power is a candidate for secretary of the

Stewart Denies a Rumor, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.-Senstor Stewart said today the report that he had sent a special messenger to Omaha with a

platform on which he would accept the nomination for president by the third party convention was incorrect. He said General A, J. Warner had gone there to look after the sliver plank. That was the only foundation for the report.

Iowa's Democratic Convention. DES MOINES, Ia., July 1 .- At a meeting of the democratic state central committee held here today August 17 was agreed upon as the date, and Davenport as the place for holding the democratic state convention.

Defeated Prohibition. AUGUSTA, Ga., July 1 .- Prohibition was defeated here today by 1,400 in a poll of 4,000. WEATHER FORECAST,

OFFICE OF WEATHER BUREAU, | OMAHA, July 1. 5

A storm area covering the entire country between the Mississippi river and the Rocky mountains rapidly developed and numerous rains occurred over the western and northwestern states. The storm is central this evening in southwestern Nebraska and the center is moving northeastward over the lower Missouri vailey. Generally southeasterly winds and cloudy weather prevail in the front part of the storm from Minnesota to Texas, while in the western part of the area the winds are cooler northwesterly and the weather clearing to fair. A high barometer is following the storm from the Pacific slope. The development of this storm now and the approach of a high area of pressure from the west gives reasonable assurance of fair weather here on the Fourth of July.

For Eastern Nebraska, Omaha and Vicin-ity-Bainy and warmer, followed by clear-ing; cooler weather during Saturday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1 .- For Nebrasks Showers, followed by clearing; winds shifting to northwest; colder in southwest; slightly warmer in northeast. For Iowa-Threatening weather; rain; south winds, shifting to west; probably cooler Saturday night. For South Darota-Showers, followed by clearing; winds shifting to northwest; slightly colder Saturday night.

South Dakota Crop Bulletin.

HURON, S. D., July 1.-The rainfall during the week was above and temperature and sunshine below the average. Crops are generally backward. The moisture is ample and crops are in condition to derive the greatest benefit from higher temperature and more sunshine. Small grain is looking well and generally rank on the ground, with neavy, deep roots. Early wheat is jointing; rye and barloy are heading; grass is fine.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS. J. M. Curry of Pender is at the Arcade. F. M. Scott of Chicago is at the Murray. J. Metcaif of Nebraska City is at the Par-

S. E. Thornton of Lincoln is at the Del Rev. E. R. Button of Gretna is at the Del-William Neville of North Platte is at the

Paxton. G. W. Patterson of Norfolk is a guest at the Arcade. L. R. Davis of Creston, Ia., is a guest at the Paxton.

George M. Baker of Grand Island is a guest at the Arcade. M. Sherman of Des Moines, Ia., is registered at the Paxton. Mr. Mason A. Green, editor of the New Nation, is in the city.

Mr. George M. Haynes left for Portland vesterday for a month's outing. D. N. Smith of Wahoo and S. S. Smith of Kearney are among the guests at the De-

Judge S. R. Davis of Creston is in the city doing convention work for prominent east-C. K. Brown of Brighton, Ia., a delegate to the people's party convention, called at The Bez office yesterday. New York, July I.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Nebraskans in town are: W.H. Best, Omaha, Savery; P. Charlton, Omaha Plaza; H. Sherer, Omaha, Westmiuster. 1

Operfelder is here buying for B. Newman & Co. He is at the Metropolitan. E. K. Valentine and wife of Nebraska are at the

LOCAL BREVITIES. Three minor minor permits, aggregating

11,350, were issued by the superintendent of buildings yesterday. The members of the Jacksonian club are requested to meet at 1216 Farnam street this wening at So'clock, for the purpose of makng arrangements to take part in the Fourth

of July parade.

Members of the Young Men's Institute ard requested to be present at Young Men's Institute hall next Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of participat-ing in the Fourth of July parade. Every member is expected to be in line. James Waish, the well known McArdle precinct farmer, don't take any stock in the

claims of the alliance people that they will carry five southern states. He is willing to back his opinion with his cash and has \$250 on deposit at the Nobraska Savings bank which says the people's party will not carry state south of Mason and Dixon's line. The statement in regard to the sale of realty by the Park Place Congregational church might seem to imply that the church intended to suspend its work. But such is not the case. The amount of money neces-sary to clear the debt on the building is

nearly raised, the church has a good pastor, church service and Sunday school and will prosecute its work with new vigor. Special Officer Goodrich at Hanscom park nauled up a couple of thoughtless persons for racing their horses along the park drive-ways. The offenders were released on promsing to not repeat their offense. It is not the desire of the police at the park to inter-fere with the pleasure of the visitors, but the park board's rules concerning the drive ways, walks, picking flowers, etc., will be



Mr. A. D. Leonard Of Utica, N. Y., suffered severely from Liver and Kidney troubles, causing great pain and That Tired Feeling failed to do him Other medicines any good, but so successful and satisfactory was Hood's Sarsaparilla that he has taken no other medicine and is now well. The best known kidney and liver remedies are so happily combined with tonics and alteratives in

Hood's Sarsaparilla that it is an unequalled remedy for all troubles with these important organs, overcomes That Tired Feeling and makes the weak strong.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary can